

Cougar[®] B Series Electric Vibrators 3 Frame



Operator's Manual M3929

Important

MARTIN ENGINEERING HEREBY DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY FOR: DAMAGE DUE TO CONTAMINATION OF THE MATERIAL; USER'S FAILURE TO INSPECT, MAINTAIN AND TAKE REASONABLE CARE OF THE EQUIPMENT; INJURIES OR DAMAGE RESULTING FROM USE OR APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT CONTRARY TO INSTRUCTIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS CONTAINED HEREIN. MARTIN ENGINEERING'S LIABILITY SHALL BE LIMITED TO REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF EQUIPMENT SHOWN TO BE DEFECTIVE.

Observe all safety rules given herein along with owner and Government standards and regulations. Know and understand lockout/tagout procedures as defined by American National Standards Institute (ANSI) z244.1-1982, *American National Standard for Personnel Protection - Lockout/Tagout of Energy Sources - Minimum Safety Requirements* and Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Federal Register, Part IV, 29 CFR Part 1910, *Control of Hazardous Energy Source (Lockout/Tagout); Final Rule.*

The following symbols may be used in this manual:



Danger: Immediate hazards that will result in severe personal injury or death.



Warning: Hazards or unsafe practices that could result in personal injury.



Caution: Hazards or unsafe practices that could result in product or property damages.

IMPORTANT

Important: Instructions that must be followed to ensure proper installation/operation of equipment.



Note: General statements to assist the reader.

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Introduction

General	Cougar [®] Electric Vibrators are designed and manufactured to ensure the best performance and reliability in severe-duty applications. The vibrator motor has a recommended operational ambient temperature and mounting surface temperature range of -22 to 104°F (-30 to 40°C). If operating the motor in environments beyond these temperatures, call Martin Engineering, as the vibrator may require rating reduction, more frequent lubrication, or lubrication substitution.					
	This manual provides instructions for installation onto steel bins and hoppers only. For installation onto other structures, call Martin Engineering or a representative.					
References	The following documents are referenced in this manual:					
	• <i>The National Electrical Code (NEC)</i> , National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, P.O. Box 9101, Quincy MA 02269-9101.					
	• American National Standards Institute (ANSI) z244.1-1982, American National Standard for Personnel Protection - Lockout/Tagout of Energy Sources - Minimum Safety Requirements, American National Standards Institute, Inc., 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018.					
	• Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) 29, Part 1910, <i>Control of Hazardous Energy Source (Lockout/Tagout); Final Rule</i> , Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), 32nd Floor, Room 3244, 230 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, IL 60604.					
	• CFR 29, Part 1910.15, <i>Occupational Noise Exposure</i> , Department of Labor, OSHA, 32nd Floor, Room 3244, 230 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, IL 60604.					
Safety	All safety rules defined in the above documents and all owner/employer safety rules must be strictly followed when working on the vibrator.					
Materials required	In addition to hand tools, the following materials are required to install this equipment:					
	• Mounting plate and channel assembly, P/N 32401-B3.					
	• Martin [®] Safety Cable Kit, P/N 32271, or equivalent.					
Storage	Store vibrator in an ambient temperature not less than $41^{\circ}F$ (5°C) with a relative humidity not more than 60%. If the vibrator has been stored for 2 or more years, remove bearings, wash them, and repack them with new grease (see "Maintenance").					

IMPORTANT

The delivery service is responsible for damage occurring in transit. Martin Engineering CANNOT enter claims for damages. Contact your transportation agent for more information.

- 1. Inspect shipping container/pallet for damage. Report damage to delivery service immediately and fill out delivery service's claim form. Keep any damaged goods subject to examination.
- 2. Remove vibrator from shipping container/pallet.
- 3. If anything is missing contact Martin Engineering or a representative.



Turn off and lock out/tag out all energy sources to conveyor/ loading systems to mounting structure.

4. Before installing vibrator, turn off and lock out/tag out all energy sources to conveyor/loading systems to mounting structure according to ANSI standards (see "References").





If equipment will be installed in an enclosed area, gas level or dust content must be tested before using a cutting torch or welding. Using a cutting torch or welding in an area with gas or dust may cause an explosion.

- 5. If using a cutting torch or welding, test atmosphere for gas level or dust content.
- 6. Mounting surface must be strong and flat, 0.01 in. (0.25 mm) across vibrator feet. (This will minimize internal stress to vibrator casting when tightening mount bolts. Welding in the area of the mounting surface could affect its flatness.)
- 7. Make sure mounting surface is free of paint and debris and foot of vibrator is clean.

Mounting vibrator onto structure

ACAUTION Never weld structure with vibrator mounted and wired.

Welding may cause damage to motor windings and bearings.

Use only new Grade 5 bolts and lock nuts to install vibrator. Old fasteners can break and cause damage to vibrator or structure.

Do not use split lock washers to install vibrator onto mount. Damage to vibrator could result.

Tighten mounting bolts in sequence shown in Figure 1. If not tightened in order, vibrator casting could be damaged.

- 1. Before installing vibrator onto mount, apply thread sealing compound to all bolts.
- 2. Install vibrator onto mount with new lock nuts, compression washers, and bolts according to Table I. Tighten bolts in order given in Figure 1 to avoid damaging vibrator casting. (Contact fastener manufacturer for specific information regarding bolt torque.)

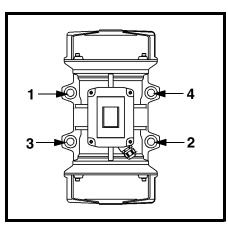


Figure 1. Mounting Bolt Tightening Sequence

3. After the vibrator has been operated for 10 to 20 minutes, check bolt torque. Tighten if necessary.

Engli	sh	Metric		
Bolt Size (Gr 5)	Dry Torque (ft-lb)	Bolt Size	Dry Torque (N•m)	
3/8 in16NC	31	M10	42	
1/2 in13NC	75	M12	102	
5/8 in11NC	150	M16	203	
3/4 in10NC	265	M20	360	
1 in8NC	640	M24	868	

Table I. Mounting Bolts and Torque Requirements*

*Torque specifications are for reference only. Contact fastener manufacturer for specific information regarding bolt torque.



If vibrator is mounted more than 6 in. (152 mm) above ground, install cable securing vibrator to structure. Without cable, vibrator could fall and cause injury.

4. Secure vibrator to structure by installing Martin[®] Safety Cable Kit, P/N 32271, or equivalent as follows:

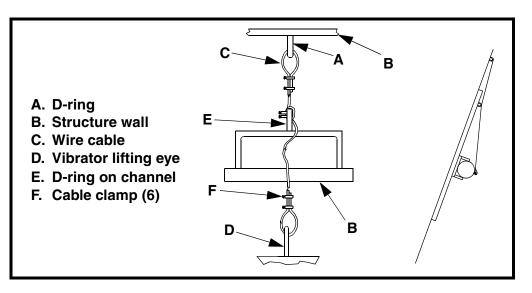


Figure 2. Installing Restraining Cable

- a. Weld D-ring (A, Figure 2) onto structure wall (B) above vibrator.
- b. Loop 1/4-in. (6 mm) wire cable (C) through vibrator lifting eye (D) and D-ring on structure wall.
- c. If using a mounting plate and channel assembly, also loop cable through D-ring on channel (E) as shown. Take up slack so cable is taut.
- d. Apply thread-sealing compound to nuts on cable clamps (F). Install six cable clamps (two on each end and two on loop around D-ring on channel) to secure cable to vibrator eye and D-rings. Tighten nuts on cable clamps.
- e. Trim loose ends of wire cable.

AWARNING

Connecting power to vibrator

Wire vibrator in accordance with National Electrical Code Article 430. Have wiring installed by a qualified electrician only.

1. Find wiring diagram number for your vibrator on vibrator nameplate or see Figure 3.

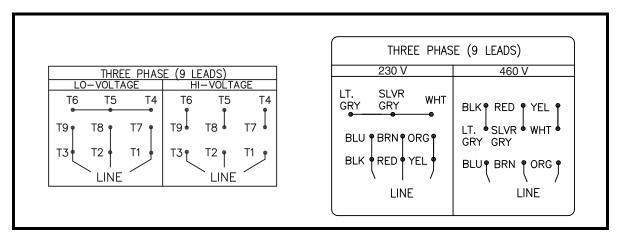


Figure 3. Three Phase Wiring Diagrams



Before running cord to vibrator, make sure cord voltage rating equals or exceeds the voltage at which you will be operating the vibrator. It must have a minimum temperature rating of 221° F (105° C). If wire is not proper diameter, cord grip will not tighten properly and vibrator could be damaged by moisture or material getting inside wiring compartment. If cord is damaged, it could short power supply or short to ground causing damage to vibrator.

2. The frame size of the electric vibrator will define the size of the cord grip. Each cord grip is designed for a specific cord diameter range.

IMPORTANT

The compression nut must be tightened to a position that will provide proper strain relief for the cord. If the compression nut is not tight enough, the electrical connections may be stressed. If the compression nut is too tight, the cord may be damaged.

IMPORTANT

When wiring vibrator, leave slack in electrical cable so that cable does not become taut during vibration cycle and cause stress on wire connections. On applications where moisture is present, leave enough slack in power cable to prevent moisture from running down cable into vibrator.

3. Wire vibrator according to appropriate wiring diagram inside terminal box.

AWARNING

Vibrator must be grounded using the power supply ground wire (or other if specified in the NEC). Failure to properly ground vibrator can cause severe injury or death.

- 4. Connect power supply ground wire (or other if specified in the NEC) to ground vibrator terminal.
- 5. Reassemble wiring cover, o-ring, and rubber compression block(s), taking care not to pinch the o-ring. Tighten cord grip around supply line(s).

Installing overload, shortcircuit, and ground-fault protection

Install overload protection for vibrator. If vibrator is not protected from overload, vibrator can be destroyed and warranty will be void. Determine size of overload protection according to NEC Article 430 and have it installed by a qualified electrician only.

- 1. Determine overload, short-circuit, and ground-fault protection according to NEC Article 430.
- 2. Have qualified electrician install overload, short-circuit, and ground-fault protection.
- 3. If overload trips during operation, fix problem before resetting.

ACAUTION

For vibratory equipment using two vibrators (such as feeders, screens and bin dischargers), the two motors must be electrically interlocked. If using a single contactor, each motor must be provided with separate overload protection. The motor control circuit must be arranged so that if one motor becomes de-energized, the other motor will automatically and immediately become de-energized. Failure to properly interlock motors could result in severe damage to equipment if one vibrator fails.

4. If using two vibrators, interlock the two vibrator motors and install separate overload protection for each.

Checking shaft rotation



DO NOT run vibrator with eccentric weights removed. Running vibrator with eccentric weights removed will damage bearings.



When checking shaft rotation with weight cover removed, keep hands away from swinging weights. Weights can crush fingers.

- 1. Remove cap screws, washers, and vibrator weight covers.
- 2. Start vibrator for one second, then stop.
- 3. Observe direction of motor rotation. If motor is not rotating in correct direction, lock out/tag out energy source and reverse rotation. To reverse rotation of three-phase vibrator, reverse any two of the three power supply wires.
- 4. Replace weight cover, taking care not to pinch o-ring.

Adjusting eccentric weights NOTE

All Cougar[®] Electric Vibrators have one set of eccentric weights on each end of shaft. Eccentric weights are set at 60% at factory.

The percentage increments on the weight or on the weight adjustment disks are percentages of the total force pounds listed on the nameplate. For example, if the nameplate shows 8340 lb, setting the weights to 60% would produce 5004 pounds of force.

IMPORTANT

For the most efficient operation, vibrator eccentric weights should be adjusted to the lowest force setting required to move the material. This will increase vibrator life and reduce energy costs.





Before adjusting eccentric weights, turn off and lock out/tag out energy source to vibrator.



The fixed weight is keyed to the shaft. The adjustable weight rotates around the shaft.

- 1. Turn off and lock out/tag out energy source to vibrator according to ANSI standards (see "References").
- 2. Remove weight cover.
- 3. Loosen screw (A, Figure 4) so adjustable weight (B) will rotate around shaft (C).

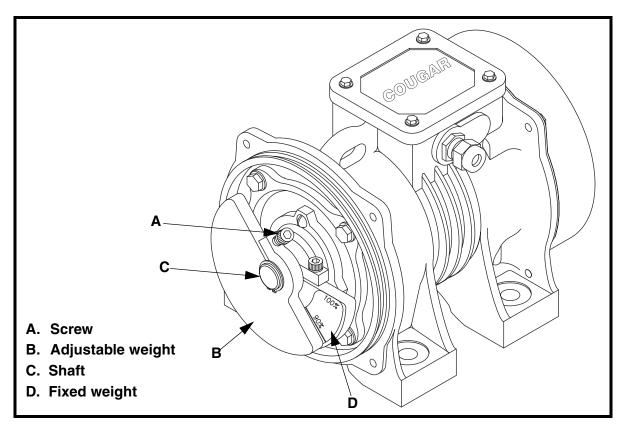


Figure 4. Adjusting Eccentric Weights

- 4. Rotate adjustable eccentric weight to proper setting. To produce more force, move weight to higher setting (i.e., higher number). When set, tighten screw.
- 5. Check o-rings for damage. Replace if damaged.



Do not operate vibrator with weight covers removed. Dust accumulating around vibrator shaft could cause unit to fail.

6. Replace weight covers.



Adjust both sets of eccentric weights to same setting number (mirror images) or force output will be uneven.

7. Repeat steps 1 through 6 for second set of weights. Set both sets of weights to same setting number so they are mirror images, as shown in Figure 5.

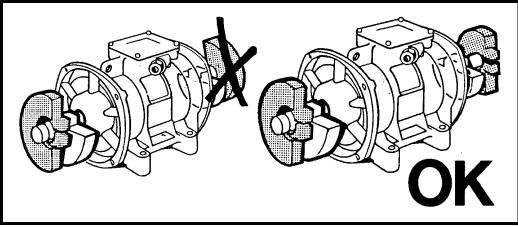


Figure 5. Setting Sets of Eccentric Weights to Mirror Images

Initial start up/ checking line current

- 1. Close power supply disconnect switch and allow motor(s) to operate for 10 to 20 minutes.
- 2. If vibrator makes unusual or excessive noise, make sure mounting bolts are tight and mount welds are not damaged.



Vibrator may produce loud noise during operation when mounted on structure. See OSHA 1910.95 for guidelines. If required, wear ear protection to avoid impairment or loss of hearing.

3. Check decibel level of vibrator noise during operation. See OSHA 1910.95 to determine whether noise exceeds safe limits. If required, wear ear protection to avoid impairment or loss of hearing.



Do not allow motor current to exceed nameplate rating. If vibrator is operated continuously with line current above nameplate rating, vibrator can be damaged.

- 4. After a few hours of operation, check each line current. If reading is higher than nameplate rating, reduce eccentric weight setting, stiffen vibrator mount, or move vibrator to more rigid location. After making adjustments, check line current again to ensure line current does not exceed nameplate rating.
- 5. After first 8 hours of use and periodically thereafter, check mounting bolts and tighten if necessary.

Variable frequency inverter



All motors can be supplied with a variable frequency inverter. NEVER operate the motor at a frequency higher than that specified on the nameplate. Damage to vibrator can result.

Do not operate vibrator motor at frequency higher than specified on nameplate. Throughout frequency range, verify that each line current does not exceed current rating on nameplate. If reading is higher than nameplate, consult inverter manual. If necessary, adjust inverter, reduce eccentric weight setting, stiffen vibrator mount location, or move vibrator to more rigid location. After making adjustment, check line current again to ensure line current does not exceed nameplate rating.

Maintenance



Read entire section before beginning work. Allow vibrator to cool to ambient temperature before working on it.



Turn off and lock out/tag out all energy sources to vibrator and conveyor/loading systems before performing maintenance.



Use only prescribed grease in vibrator. If a different grease is used, vibrator can be damaged and warranty will be void.

Use only prescribed amount of grease to lubricate vibrator. Too much grease will cause bearings to overheat and result in premature bearing failure.

Lubricating vibrator



All vibrators are lubricated at the factory.

1. See Table II for lubrication schedule and amount of grease required for your vibrator.

		Table II.
Model	Grease Amount per Bearing	Interval (hours)
B3-5000-3-2	7.4 g (.26 oz)	340
B3-6600-3-2	7.4 g (.26 oz)	340
B3-3000-3-4	5.0 g (.18 oz)	720
B3-4000-3-4	7.4 g (.26 oz)	720

Table II. Lubrication Schedule

Schedule						
Model	Grease Amount per Bearing	Interval (hours)				
B3-5500-3-4	7.4 g (.26 oz)	720				
B3-2400-3-6	5.0 g (.18 oz)	960				
B3-3100-3-6	5.0 g (.18 oz)	960				
B3-1650-3-8	3-8 Lubricated for Life					



Repairing motor and replacing bearings

Do not attempt to repair vibrator motor or replace bearings yourself. If you attempt to do so during the warranty period, the warranty may be void.

If vibrator motor needs repair or if bearings need to be replaced, call Martin Engineering at **800-544-2947** for instructions.



Inspecting vibrator



Before inspecting vibrator, turn off and lock out/tag out energy source to vibrator.

- 1. At least quarterly, inspect vibrator, cable, and connections as follows:
 - a. Turn off and lock out/tag out energy source to vibrator according to ANSI standards (see "References").
 - b. Inspect weight covers for cracks and check cap screws for tightness.
 - c. Inspect cable for damage including cuts and abrasions. Replace if damaged.
 - d. Inspect ground connection. Make sure ground connection to motor enclosure does not exceed 0.1 ohm. Ensure screw on ground terminal is tightened to proper torque.
 - e. Make sure all wiring connections are tightened properly.

This section provides product names and corresponding part numbers for Cougar[®] Electric Vibrators and related equipment. Please reference part numbers when ordering parts:

"	Electric vibrator wibder wanders and				
	Model Number	Part Number			
	B3-5000-3-2	206067			
	B3-6600-3-2	206069			
	B3-3000-3-4	206064			
	B3-4000-3-4	206066			
	B3-5500-3-4	206068			
	B3-2400-3-6	206063-10			
	B3-3100-3-6	206062-10			
	B3-1650-3-8	206065-10			
-					

 Table III. Cougar[®] Electric Vibrator Model Numbers and Part Numbers

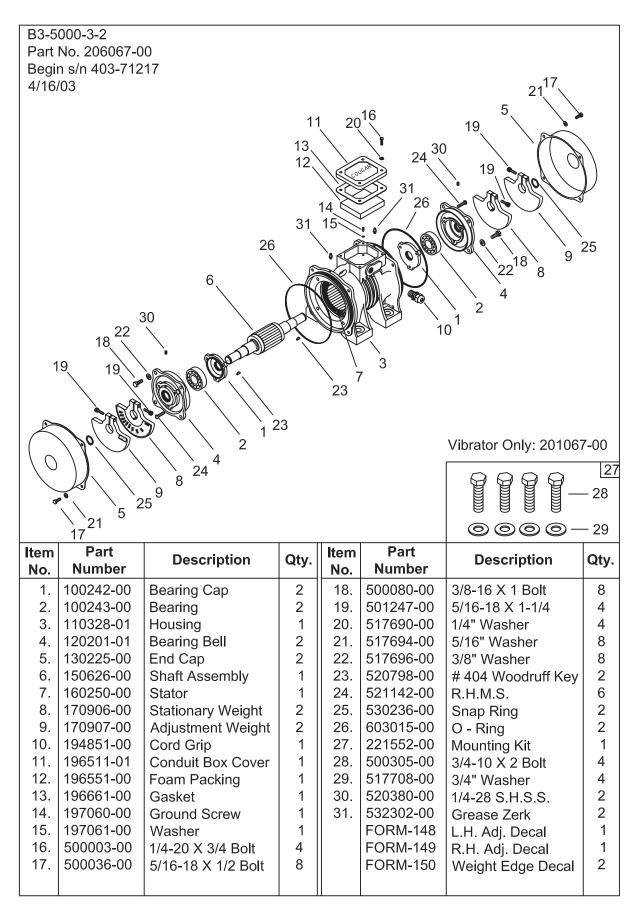


Figure 6. Cougar[®] Electric Vibrator, Model B3-5000-3-2

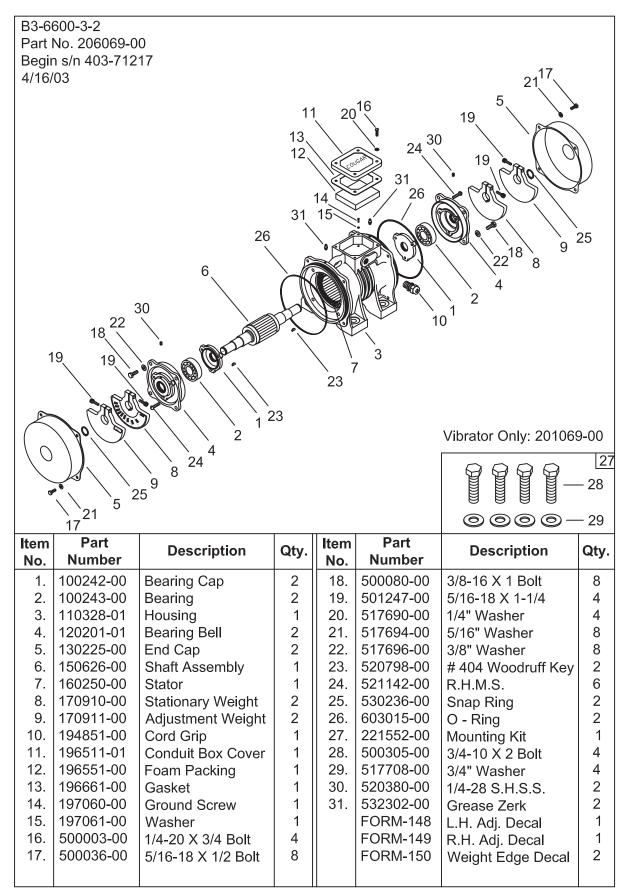


Figure 7. Cougar[®] Electric Vibrator, Model B3-6600-3-2

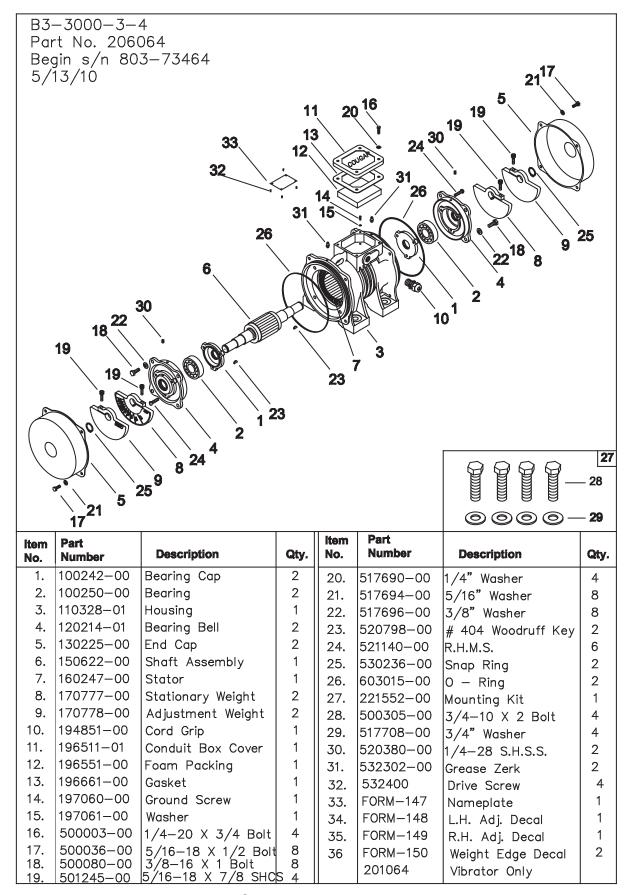


Figure 8. Cougar[®] Electric Vibrator, Model B3-3000-3-4

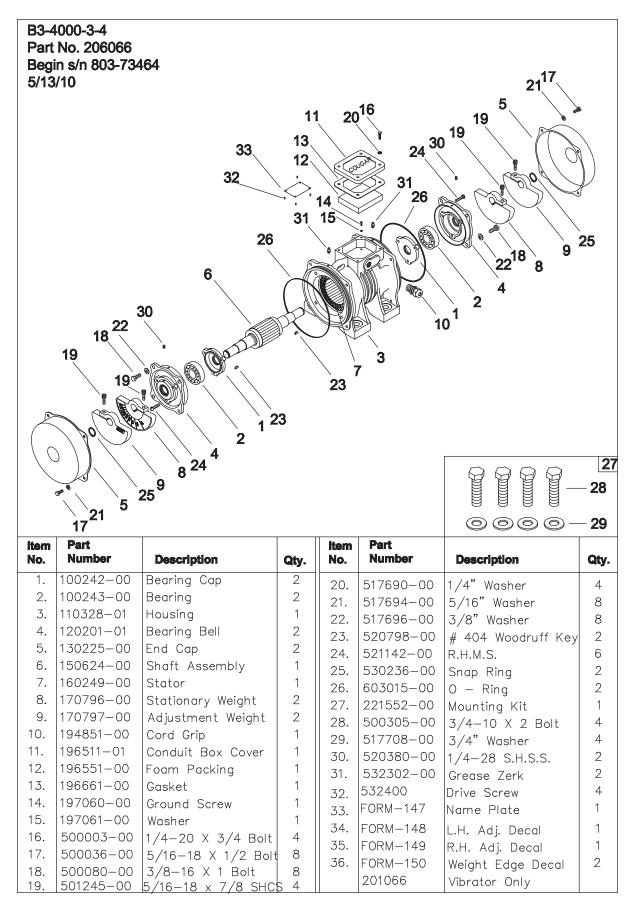


Figure 9. Cougar[®] Electric Vibrator, Model B3-4000-3-4

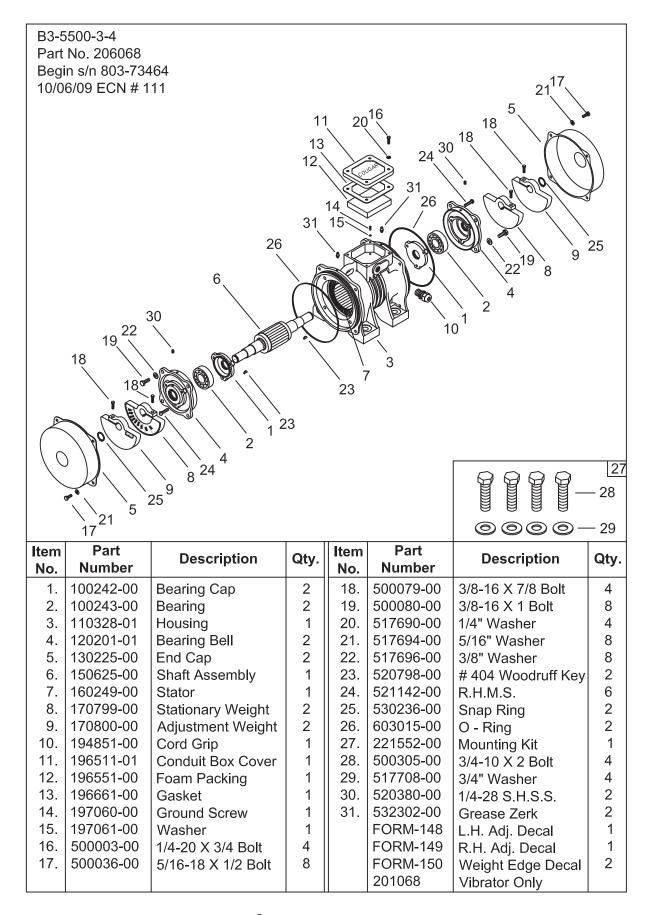


Figure 10. Cougar[®] Electric Vibrator, Model B3-5500-3-4

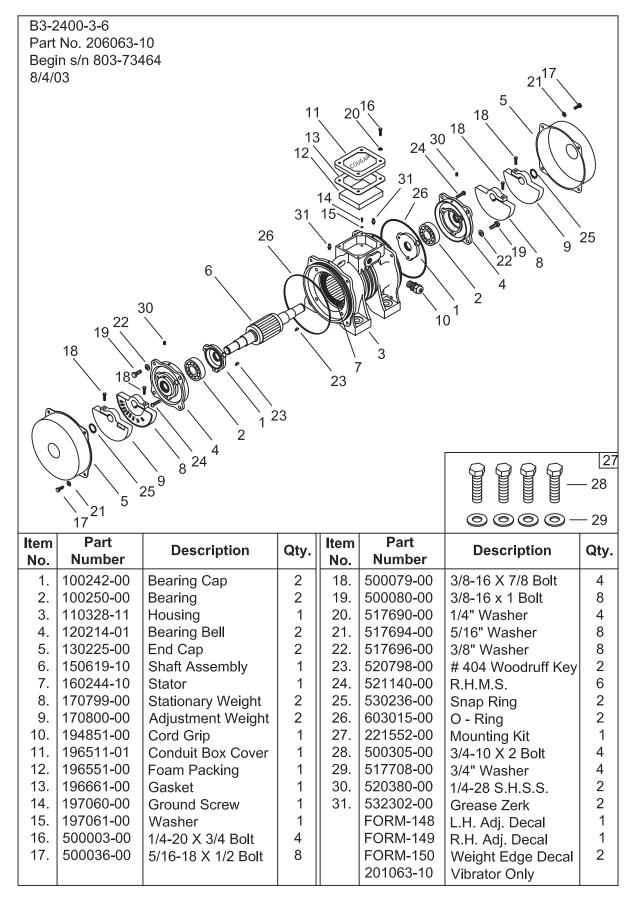


Figure 11. Cougar[®] Electric Vibrator, Model B3-2400-3-6

						24		4
ITEM	QTY.	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER		ITEM	QTY.	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER
1 2	2	BEARING HOUSING	CG-100119 110328-01		NS 19 20	4	SCREW HHC 3/4-10NC X 2 GR5 ZP WASHER COMPRESSION 1/4 ZP	500305 CG-517690
3	2	BEARING BELL	120214-01		20	8	WASHER COMPRESSION 5/16 ZP	CG-517694
4	2	END CAP	130226		22	8	WASHER COMPRESSION 3/8 ZP	CG-517696
5	1	ROTOR ASSEMBLY STATOR	150620-10 160245-10		NS 23 24	4	WASHER COMPRESSION 3/4 ZP SCREW SHS 1/4-28 X 1/4 CP PF	CG-517708
7	2	STATION STATIONARY WEIGHT	170802		24	2	KEY WOODRUFF 1/8 X 1/2 #404	520380 520798
8	2	ADJUSTMENT WEIGHT	170803		26	2	SNAP RING	530236
9	1	LIQUID TIGHT CORD GRIP	194851		NS 27	4	DRIVE SCREW	532400
10	1	CONDUIT BOX COVER	196511		28	2		603015
11	1	POLYFOAM GASKET	196551		NS 30	2	COUGAR VIBRATION LABEL (7.00 CIRCLE)	CG-100328-7
13	1	GROUND SCREW	196661 197060		NS <u>30</u> NS 31	1	ELECTRIC VIBRATOR INSTRUCTION TAG	FORM #119 FORM #131
13	1	CUP WASHER	197060		NS 32	1	B-SERIES NAMEPLATE	CG-100338
15	4	SCREW HHC 1/4-20 X 3/4 GR5 ZP	500003		NS 33	1	B-D SERIES INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS	FORM #710
16	8	SCREW HHC 5/16-18NC X 1/2 ZP	CG-500036		NS 34	1	B SERIES BEARING RELUBE INSTRUCTIONS	FORM #711
17	8	SCREW HHC 3/8-16NC X 1 GR5 ZP	500080		35	2	WEIGHT EDGE DECAL	FORM #150
18	4	SCREW HHC 1/2-13NC X 7/8 GR5 ZP	500173	I	NS 37	1	L.H. ADJUSTMENT DECAL	FORM #148
					NS <u>37</u>	1	R.H. ADJUSTMENT DECAL	FORM #149
							NS = NOT SHOWN	

Figure 12. Cougar[®] Electric Vibrator, Model B3-1650-3-8

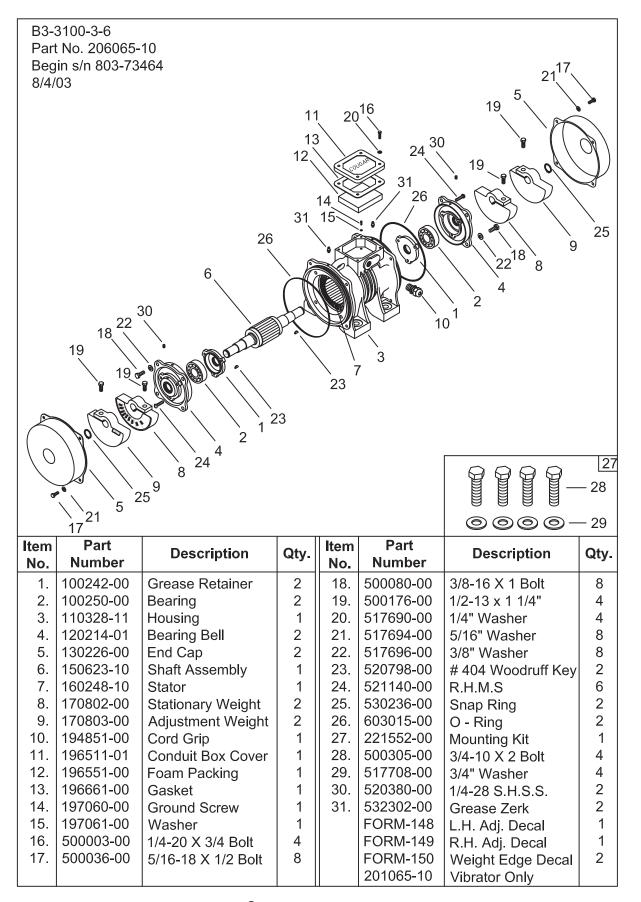


Figure 13. Cougar[®] Electric Vibrator, Model B3-3100-3-6

Appendix

Cougar® Electric Vibrators Mount Plate and Channel Fabrication Details Appendix

